

# All Other Cut and Sew Apparel Manufacturing: 2002

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## 2002 Economic Census

*Manufacturing*

Industry Series



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U.S. Department of Commerce  
Economics and Statistics Administration  
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-- Not applicable for this report.

**Table 1. Historical Statistics for the Industry: 2002 and Earlier Years**

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Industry and year <sup>1</sup>	Com- panies <sup>2</sup>	All estab- lish- ments <sup>3</sup>	All employees		Production workers			Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of materials (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	Total capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)	
			Number <sup>4</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>4</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)					
315299, All other cut and sew apparel manufacturing .....	2002..	413	423	14 307	312 011	10 866	20 823	186 183	662 126	451 568	1 113 817	14 778
	2001..	N	N	13 408	280 159	10 730	18 236	166 523	613 611	422 203	1 022 409	12 214
	2000..	N	N	13 030	266 110	10 593	17 972	162 141	530 954	414 943	941 038	32 655
	1999..	N	N	13 232	265 531	10 766	18 147	158 828	493 673	409 474	898 537	19 590
	1998..	N	N	12 937	237 022	10 244	17 129	149 517	601 324	448 236	950 244	16 556
	1997..	402	411	13 610	265 820	10 474	18 572	152 043	572 999	454 144	993 182	16 998

<sup>1</sup>Statistics presented for years ending in 2 and 7 are census data. Interim census years are derived in a representative sample of manufacturing establishments canvassed in the Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM).

<sup>2</sup>For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.

<sup>3</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

<sup>4</sup>Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain sampling errors and nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

**Table 2. Industry Statistics for Selected States: 2002**

[States that are a disclosure or with less than 100 employees are not shown. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, explanation of terms, and geographical definitions, see note at end of table. For information on geographic areas followed by \*, see Appendix D. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Industry and geographic area	All establishments <sup>2</sup>			All employees		Production workers			Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of materials (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	Total capital expenditures (\$1,000)
	E <sup>1</sup>	Total	With 20 employees or more	Number <sup>3</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>3</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)				
315299, All other cut and sew apparel manufacturing												
United States .....	2	423	138	14 307	312 011	10 866	20 823	186 183	662 126	451 568	1 113 817	114 778
California .....	6	92	26	2 272	53 347	1 626	3 139	29 444	103 914	73 417	177 833	11 657
Kentucky .....	2	4	1	123	1 952	111	203	1 491	2 249	837	3 170	133
Massachusetts .....	4	10	3	257	5 334	221	460	3 911	6 713	4 412	10 971	185
New Jersey .....	2	14	4	324	8 034	251	478	4 684	13 490	11 500	24 966	1174
New York .....	2	62	11	1 692	47 203	836	1 663	16 118	124 323	105 377	230 891	11 556
Ohio .....	—	6	3	182	3 571	149	257	2 532	5 928	2 475	8 272	1102
Pennsylvania .....	3	33	15	1 864	39 790	1 506	2 955	26 033	79 403	36 715	116 379	11 040

<sup>1</sup>Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1—10 to 19 percent; 2—20 to 29 percent; 3—30 to 39 percent; 4—40 to 49 percent; 5—50 to 59 percent; 6—60 to 69 percent; 7—70 to 79 percent; 8—80 to 89 percent; 9—90 percent or more.

<sup>2</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

<sup>3</sup>Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C. For geographical definitions, see Appendix D.

**Table 3. Detailed Statistics by Industry: 2002**

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Item	Value
<b>315299, All other cut and sew apparel manufacturing</b>	
Companies <sup>1</sup> .....	number.. 413
All establishments <sup>2</sup> .....	number.. 423
Establishments with 1 to 19 employees .....	number.. 285
Establishments with 20 to 99 employees .....	number.. 96
Establishments with 100 employees or more .....	number.. 42
All employees <sup>3</sup> .....	number.. 14 307
Total compensation .....	\$1,000.. 362 576
Annual payroll .....	\$1,000.. 312 011
Total fringe benefits .....	\$1,000.. 50 565
Production workers, average for year .....	number.. 10 866
Production workers on March 12 .....	number.. 10 980
Production workers on May 12 .....	number.. 10 954
Production workers on August 12 .....	number.. 10 884
Production workers on November 12 .....	number.. 10 622
Production worker hours .....	1,000.. 20 823
Production worker wages .....	\$1,000.. 186 183
Total cost of materials .....	\$1,000.. 451 568
Materials, parts, containers, packaging, etc., used .....	\$1,000.. 328 493
Resales .....	\$1,000.. 76 731
Purchased fuels .....	\$1,000.. 1 100
Purchased electricity .....	\$1,000.. 6 222
Contract work .....	\$1,000.. 39 022
Quantity of electricity purchased for heat and power .....	1,000 kWh.. 87 802
Quantity of electricity generated less sold for heat and power .....	1,000 kWh.. -
Total value of shipments .....	\$1,000.. 1 113 817
Primary products value of shipments .....	\$1,000.. 940 808
Secondary products value of shipments .....	\$1,000.. 42 114
Total miscellaneous receipts .....	\$1,000.. 130 895
Value of resales .....	\$1,000.. 120 464
Contract receipts .....	\$1,000.. 8 655
Other miscellaneous receipts .....	\$1,000.. 1 776
Primary products specialization ratio .....	percent.. 96
Value of primary products shipments made in all industries .....	\$1,000.. 966 549
Value of primary products shipments made in this industry .....	\$1,000.. 940 808
Value of primary products shipments made in other industries .....	\$1,000.. 25 741
Coverage ratio .....	percent.. 97
Value added .....	\$1,000.. 662 126
Total inventories, beginning of year .....	\$1,000.. 256 309
Finished goods inventories .....	\$1,000.. 172 748
Work-in-process inventories .....	\$1,000.. 21 104
Materials and supplies inventories .....	\$1,000.. 62 457
Total inventories, end of year .....	\$1,000.. 259 403
Finished goods inventories .....	\$1,000.. 170 831
Work-in-process inventories .....	\$1,000.. 22 898
Materials and supplies inventories .....	\$1,000.. 65 674
Gross value of depreciable assets (acquisition costs) at beginning of year .....	\$1,000.. '201 343
Total capital expenditures (new and used) .....	\$1,000.. '14 778
Buildings and other structures (new and used) .....	\$1,000.. '1 388
Machinery and equipment (new and used) .....	\$1,000.. '13 390
Automobiles, trucks, etc., for highway use .....	\$1,000.. '468
Computers and peripheral data processing equipment .....	\$1,000.. '2 394
All other expenditures for machinery and equipment .....	\$1,000.. '10 528
Total retirements .....	\$1,000.. '5 434
Gross value of depreciable assets at end of year .....	\$1,000.. '210 687
Depreciation charges during year .....	\$1,000.. '16 169
Total rental payments .....	\$1,000.. 22 302
Buildings and other structures .....	\$1,000.. 18 402
Machinery and equipment .....	\$1,000.. 3 900
Total other expenses <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 63 010
Response coverage ratio <sup>5</sup> .....	percent.. 73
Repair and maintenance services of buildings and/or machinery <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 2 666
Communications services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 2 654
Legal services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 1 012
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 1 552
Advertising and promotional services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 8 667
Expensed computer hardware and supplies and purchased computer services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 2 062
Refuse removal (including hazardous waste) services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 444
Management consulting and administrative services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 657
Taxes and license fees <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 2 501
All other expenses <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 40 796

<sup>1</sup>For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.

<sup>2</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

<sup>3</sup>Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

<sup>4</sup>Based on 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) sample data.

<sup>5</sup>A response coverage ratio is derived for this item by calculating the ratio of the weighted employment (establishment data multiplied by sample weight) for those Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) establishments that reported to the weighted total employment for all ASM establishments classified in this industry.

Note 1: The amounts shown for other expenses reflect only those services that establishments purchase from other companies.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain sampling errors and nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

**Table 4. Industry Statistics by Employment Size: 2002**

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Employment size class	E <sup>1</sup>	All establishments <sup>2</sup>	All employees		Production workers			Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of materials (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	Total capital expenditures (\$1,000)
			Number <sup>3</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>3</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)				
315299, All other cut and sew apparel manufacturing											
All establishments .....	2	423	14 307	312 011	10 866	20 823	186 183	662 126	451 568	1 113 817	'14 778
Establishments with—											
1 to 4 employees .....	9	183	e	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
5 to 9 employees .....	7	48	323	7 847	258	498	5 137	13 769	9 725	23 635	'604
10 to 19 employees .....	3	54	753	16 737	590	1 121	10 676	31 069	20 930	51 868	'766
20 to 49 employees .....	3	58	1 882	40 235	1 450	2 704	24 116	83 061	52 069	135 690	'3 637
50 to 99 employees .....	2	37	2 666	53 946	2 216	4 232	36 676	98 480	75 641	177 301	'1 792
100 to 249 employees .....	1	33	4 840	102 104	3 976	7 707	69 385	203 895	139 395	343 704	'3 282
250 to 499 employees .....	4	8	2 638	61 118	1 871	3 667	33 051	145 287	81 106	219 708	'3 618
500 to 999 employees .....	—	1	f	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
1,000 to 2,499 employees .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2,500 employees or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Administrative records <sup>4</sup> .....	9	197	685	16 560	527	1 006	10 623	28 059	19 414	45 918	'290

<sup>1</sup>Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1—10 to 19 percent; 2—20 to 29 percent; 3—30 to 39 percent; 4—40 to 49 percent; 5—50 to 59 percent; 6—60 to 69 percent; 7—70 to 79 percent; 8—80 to 89 percent; 9—90 percent or more.

<sup>2</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

<sup>3</sup>Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

<sup>4</sup>Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. Data are also included in respective size classes shown.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

**Table 5. Industry Statistics by Primary Product Class Specialization: 2002**

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Industry or product class code	Industry or primary product class	All establishments <sup>1</sup>	All employees		Production workers			Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of materials (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	Total capital expenditures (\$1,000)
			Number <sup>2</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>2</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)				
315299	All other cut and sew apparel manufacturing .....	423	14 307	312 011	10 866	20 823	186 183	662 126	451 568	1 113 817	'14 778
3152991	Men's and boys' team sport uniforms .....	47	4 487	97 136	3 320	6 451	57 010	205 467	134 013	334 751	'5 179
3152993	Women's and girls' team sport uniforms .....	6	345	7 858	234	483	4 578	14 631	7 221	21 937	'193
3152995	Vestments and costumes .....	77	5 266	117 109	3 864	7 432	65 574	281 185	209 369	495 698	'6 730
3152997	Apparel 50% or greater plastic or rubber, including raincoats and rubber pants (except wet suits) .....	9	459	8 325	374	752	5 718	21 008	15 863	37 530	'940

<sup>1</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

<sup>2</sup>Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

**Table 6a. Products Statistics: 2002 and 1997**

[Includes quantity and value of products of this industry produced by (1) establishments classified in this industry (primary) and (2) establishments classified in other industries (secondary). Transfers of products of this industry from one establishment of a company to another establishment of the same company (interplant transfers) are also included. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Product code	Product	Number of companies with shipments of \$100,000 or more	Quantity of production for all purposes	Product shipments	
				Quantity	Value (\$1,000)
315299	All other cut and sew apparel manufacturing .....	2002.. N	X	X	966 549
	1997.. N		X	X	863 948
3152991	Men's and boys' team sport uniforms .....	2002.. N	X	X	218 112
	1997.. N		X	X	206 515
31529911	Men's and boys' team sport uniforms .....	2002.. N	X	X	218 112
	1997.. N		X	X	206 515
3152991100	Men's and boys' team sport uniforms <sup>1</sup> .....	2002.. 59	X	X	218 112
	1997.. 51		X	X	206 515
3152993	Women's and girls' team sport uniforms .....	2002.. N	X	X	71 256
	1997.. N		X	X	72 986
31529931	Women's and girls' team sport uniforms .....	2002.. N	X	X	71 256
	1997.. N		X	X	72 986
3152993100	Women's and girls' team sport uniforms <sup>1</sup> .....	2002.. 34	X	X	71 256
	1997.. 37		X	X	72 986
3152995	Vestments and costumes .....	2002.. N	X	X	486 986
	1997.. N		X	X	410 785
31529951	Vestments and costumes .....	2002.. N	X	X	484 699
	1997.. N		X	X	410 785
3152995110	Costumes, including theatrical and dancewear .....	2002.. 57	X	X	365 124
	1997.. N		X	X	N
3152995120	Academic caps and gowns; judicial, burial, choir, fraternal, and ecclesiastical vestments .....	2002.. 25	X	X	119 575
	1997.. N		X	X	N
3152995Y	Vestments and costumes, nsk .....	2002.. N	X	X	2 287
	1997.. N		X	X	—
3152995YVV	Vestments and costumes, nsk .....	2002.. N	X	X	2 287
	1997.. N		X	X	—
3152997	Apparel 50% or greater plastic or rubber, including raincoats and rubber pants (except wet suits) .....	2002.. N	X	X	38 236
	1997.. N		X	X	N
31529971	Apparel 50% or greater plastic or rubber, including raincoats and rubber pants (except wet suits) .....	2002.. N	X	X	38 236
	1997.. N		X	X	N
3152997110	Men's and boy's garments 50 percent or greater plastic or rubber, including raincoats and rubber pants (except wet suits) <sup>1</sup> .....	2002.. 10	X	X	D
	1997.. N		X	X	N
3152997120	Women's and girls' garments 50 percent or greater plastic or rubber, including raincoats and rubber pants (except wet suits) <sup>1</sup> .....	2002.. 1	X	X	D
	1997.. N		X	X	N
3152997Y	Apparel 50% or greater plastic or rubber, including raincoats and rubber pants (except wet suits), nsk .....	2002.. N	X	X	—
	1997.. N		X	X	N
3152997YVV	Apparel 50% or greater plastic or rubber, including raincoats and rubber pants (except wet suits), nsk .....	2002.. N	X	X	—
	1997.. N		X	X	N
315299W	All other cut and sew apparel manufacturing, nsk, total .....	2002.. N	X	X	151 959
	1997.. N		X	X	173 662
315299WY	All other cut and sew apparel manufacturing, nsk, total .....	2002.. N	X	X	151 959
	1997.. N		X	X	173 662
315299WYWW	All other cut and sew apparel manufacturing, nsk, for nonadministrative-record establishments .....	2002.. N	X	X	118 127
	1997.. N		X	X	148 055
315299WYWY	All other cut and sew apparel manufacturing, nsk, for administrative-record establishments .....	2002.. N	X	X	33 832
	1997.. N		X	X	25 607

<sup>1</sup>For additional detail, see Current Industrial Report MQ315A, Apparel.

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p—10 to 19 percent estimated; q—20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.



**Table 6b. Product Class Shipments for Selected States: 2002 and 1997**

[Product classes covered are those that are economically significant and whose production is geographically dispersed, provided dispersion is not approximated by data in Table 2. Also, product classes are not shown if they are miscellaneous or "not specified by kind" classes. Statistics for some states are withheld because they are either less than \$2 million in product class shipments or they disclose data for individual companies in 2002. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, explanation of terms, and geographic definitions, see note at end of table. For information on geographic areas followed by \*, see Appendix D. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

NAICS product class code	Product class and geographic area	Value of product shipments (\$1,000)
3152991	Men's and boys' team sport uniforms	
	United States..... 2002..	218 112
	..... 1997..	206 515
	California ..... 2002..	23 456
	..... 1997..	11 221
	Ohio ..... 2002..	3 944
	..... 1997..	N
3152993	Women's and girls' team sport uniforms	
	United States..... 2002..	71 256
	..... 1997..	72 986
	California ..... 2002..	3 393
	..... 1997..	3 267
	Pennsylvania..... 2002..	28 953
	..... 1997..	N
3152995	Vestments and costumes	
	United States..... 2002..	486 986
	..... 1997..	410 785
	California ..... 2002..	74 137
	..... 1997..	67 065
	Massachusetts ..... 2002..	5 375
	..... 1997..	2 721
	New York ..... 2002..	169 087
	..... 1997..	90 757
	Pennsylvania..... 2002..	24 615
	..... 1997..	13 895
3152997	Apparel 50% or greater plastic or rubber, including raincoats and rubber pants (except wet suits)	
	United States..... 2002..	38 236
	..... 1997..	N

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C. For geographical definitions, see Appendix D.

**Table 7. Materials Consumed by Kind: 2002 and 1997**

[Includes quantity and cost of materials consumed or put into production by establishments classified only in this industry. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Material code	Material consumed	Quantity	Delivered cost (\$1,000)
315299	All other cut and sew apparel manufacturing		
00900001	Total materials .....2002..	X	328 493
	.....1997..	X	315 080
31321023	Broadwoven fabrics (piece goods) .....2002..	X	88 818
	.....1997..	X	102 105
31322103	Narrow fabrics (12 inches or less in width) .....2002..	X	5 324
	.....1997..	X	10 699
31324000	Knit fabrics .....2002..	X	104 760
	.....1997..	X	61 513
31332001	Fabrics (plastics coated, impregnated, and laminated) .....2002..	X	5 566
	.....1997..	X	N
31311003	Yarn, all fibers .....2002..	X	1 652
	.....1997..	X	7 009
31611001	Finished leather .....2002..	X	181
	.....1997..	X	D
33999301	Buttons, zippers, and slide fasteners .....2002..	X	4 270
	.....1997..	X	5 494
00190067	Trim and findings (linings, fusibles, elastic, waistbanding, pockets, etc.) .....2002..	X	9 900
	.....1997..	X	N
00970099	All other materials and components, parts, containers, and supplies .....2002..	X	40 043
	.....1997..	X	D
00971000	Materials, ingredients, containers, and supplies, nsk .....2002..	X	67 979
	.....1997..	X	D

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.